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Forestry

PROIZVODNJA I PRODAJA ŠUMSKIH SORTIMENATA U BIH PREMA ASORTIMANU U III KVARTALU 2013.

PRODUCTION AND SALES OF FOREST ASSORTMENTS IN BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA IN 3rd QUARTER 2013

Ukupna proizvodnja šumskih sortimenata u Bosni i Hercegovini u trećem kvartalu 2013. godine veća je za 0,40% u odnosu na isti period 2012. godine. Proizvodnja sortimenata četinarskih vrsta drveća povećana je za 4,58% dok je proizvodnja sortimenata lišćarskih vrsta manja za 3,32%. Proizvodnja trupaca četinara povećana je za 0,43% dok proizvodnja trupaca lišćara bilježi rast od 0,90%. Pad proizvodnje od 2,99% bilježi se kod ogrijevnog drveta lišćara u odnosu na treći kvartal 2012. godine. Pad se bilježi i u proizvodnji prostornog drveta lišćara od 29,79%. Najveći porast u odnosu na treći kvartal 2012. godine bilježi se u proizvodnji prostornog drveta četinara od 37,77%. Kod proizvodnje ostalog grubo obrađenog drveta radi se o malim količinama sortimenata čije značajno variranje u proizvedenim količinama nema uticaja na promjene u ukupnoj proizvodnji šumskih sortimenata.

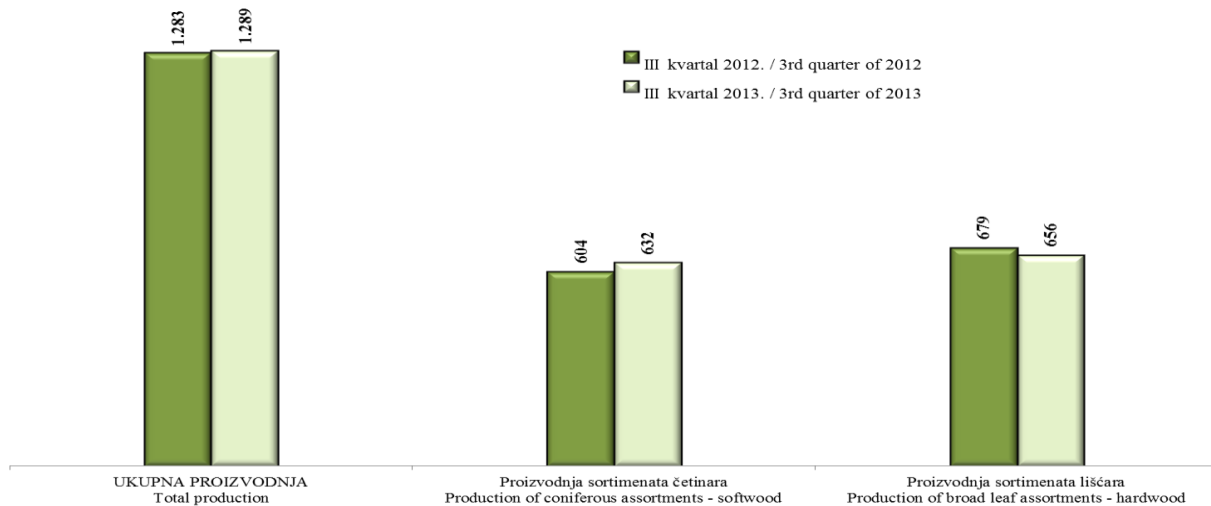
Total production of forest assortments in Bosnia and Herzegovina in 3rd quarter of 2013 has increased for 0,40% compared to the same period in 2012. The production of coniferous (softwood) assortments is, for 4,58% higher while, in the same time the production of broadleaf (hardwood) assortments decreases for 3,32%. Production of coniferous logs is 0,43% higher while production of broadleaf logs records increase of 0,90%. Production decrease, of 2,99% has been recorded for broadleaf fuelwood compared to third quarter of 2012. Production decrease, of 29,79% has also been recorded in production of broadleaf cordwood. Highest production increase of 37,77% has coniferous cordwood. Other roughly worked wood is produced in small quantities and its periodical significant changes in produced quantities do not affect variations in total production of forest assortments.

Tabela 1. PROIZVODNJA I PRODAJA ŠUMSKIH SORTIMENATA PREMA ASORTIMANU U III KVARTALU 2013.

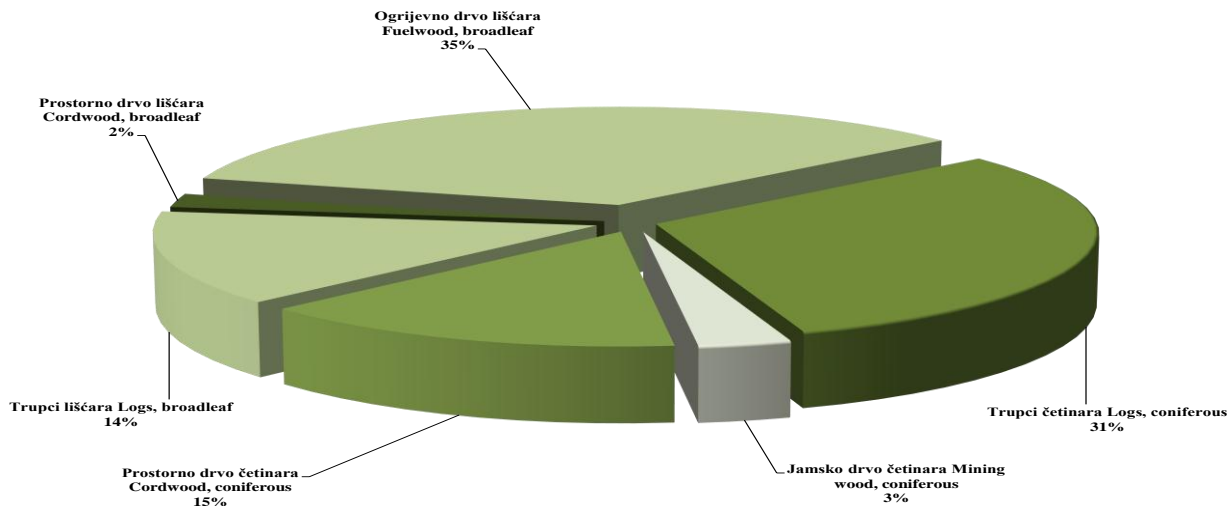
Table 1. PRODUCTION AND SALE OF FOREST ASSORTMENTS IN 3rd QUARTER OF 2013

	Proizvodnja (Production)			Prodaja (Sale)			
	III kvartal 3 rd quarter 2012	III kvartal 3 rd quarter 2013	Indeksi Indicies VII-IX 2013 VII-IX 2012	III kvartal 3 rd quarter 2012	III kvartal 3 rd quarter 2013	Indeksi Indicies VII-IX 2013 VII-IX 2012	
	m ³			m ³			
UKUPNO	1.283.354	1.288.520	100,40	1.328.427	1.282.523	96,54	TOTAL
ČETINARA	604.452	632.130	104,58	606.876	576.210	94,95	CONIFEROUS
LIŠĆARA	678.902	656.390	96,68	721.551	706.313	97,89	BROAD LEAF
Trupci četinarara	395.063	396.775	100,43	395.530	361.771	91,46	Logs, coniferous
Jamsko drvo četinarara	38.978	40.887	104,90	41.033	37.017	90,21	Mining wood, coniferous
Ostalo dugo drvo četinarara	32.727	5.048	15,42	32.912	4.279	13,00	Other long wood, coniferous
Prostorno drvo četinarara	137.294	189.148	137,77	136.958	172.890	126,24	Cordwood, coniferous
Trupci lišćara	179.222	180.834	100,90	189.238	185.127	97,83	Logs, broadleaf
Jamsko drvo lišćara	1.244	1.162	93,41	1.367	1.182	86,47	Mining wood, broadleaf
Ostalo dugo drvo lišćara	4.125	4.723	114,50	4.640	4.601	99,16	Other long wood, broadleaf
Prostorno drvo lišćara	37.563	26.374	70,21	40.709	28.708	70,52	Cordwood, broadleaf
Ogrijevno drvo četinarara	390	272	69,74	443	250	56,43	Fuelwood, coniferous
Ogrijevno drvo lišćara	456.725	443.068	97,01	485.415	486.370	100,20	Fuelwood, broadleaf
Ostalo grubo obrađeno drvo	23	229	-	182	328	180,22	Other wood, roughly worked

Grafikon 1. Proizvodnja šumskih sortimenata u Bosni i Hercegovini u 1000 m³ - III kvartal 2012. i 2013. godine
Production of forest assortments in Bosnia and Herzegovina in 1000 m³ - 3rd quarter of 2012 and 2013



Grafikon 2. Procentualno učešće pojedinih sortimenata u ukupnoj proizvodnji šumskih sortimenata u III kvartalu 2013. godini
Percentage participation of different assortments in total production of forest assortments in 3rd quarter of 2013



Metodološka objašnjenja

Podaci o proizvodnji šumskih sortimenata, obrađeni u ovom saopštenju, urađeni su na osnovu rezultata obrade entitetskih zavoda za statistiku iz redovnog mjesečnog istraživanja.

Mjesečne izvještaje podnose sva preduzeća koja se bave stalnom proizvodnjom šumskih sortimenata iz šuma u državnoj svojini, bez obzira da li im je iskorištavanje šuma osnovna ili sporedna djelatnost.

Podacima je obuhvaćena samo proizvodnja šumskih sortimenata iz državnih šuma, dok šumski sortimenti proizvedeni u šumama na koje postoji pravo svojine nisu uključeni.

Iskazane količine predstavljaju neto drvenu masu sortimenata izraženu u zapreminskim metrima.

Četinari su vrste drveća iz klase golosjemenica (Gymnospermae), pretežno iz porodice Pinaceae. Ovdje spadaju autohtone, komercijalne vrste drveća kao što su jela (*Abies alba*), smrča (*Picea abies*), te bijeli (*Pinus sylvestris*) i crni bor (*Pinus nigra*). Drvo četinarima ima jednostavniju građu i u međunarodnoj klasifikaciji se, bez obzira na mehanička svojstva označava nazivom *softwood*.

Lišćari su vrste drveća iz klase skrivenosjemenica (Angiospermae). Ovdje spadaju autohtone, komercijalne vrste drveća lišćara kao što su: bukva (*Fagus sylvatica*), hrast kitnjak (*Quercus petraea*), te vrste plemenitih lišćara iz rodova *Fraxinus* (jasen), *Acer* (javor), *Ulmus* (brijest) i *Prunus avium* (divlja trešnja) i ostalih tvrdih i mekih lišćara. Drvo lišćara je složenije građe u odnosu na drvo četinarima i u međunarodnoj klasifikaciji se, bez obzira na mehanička svojstva označava nazivom *hardwood*.

Trupci su šumski drveni sortimenti odgovarajućih fizičkih i mehaničkih svojstava, namijenjeni za dalju mehaničku preradu (piljenje, rezanje ili ljuštenje).

Jamsko drvo obuhvata šumske drvene sortimente povoljnih fizičkih i mehaničkih svojstava čiji se prirodni oblik, dimenzije i svojstva koriste za izgradnju i održavanje jamskih kopova i rudarskih okna. Može se upotrebljavati i za krovne konstrukcije.

Ostalo dugo drvo obuhvata tehničko drvo čiji se prirodni oblik, dimenzije i svojstva koriste za proizvodnju TT stubova, stubova za skele, šipova, jarbola i sl.

Prostorno drvo obuhvata drvo lošijih tehničkih karakteristika, oblo ili cijepano koje se koristi u hemiskoj preradi za proizvodnju celuloze, drvenjače, drvene vune, tanina i sl.

Ogrijevno drvo je drvo namijenjeno neposredno za ogrijev ili proizvodnju drvenog uglja.

Ostalo grubo obrađeno drvo obuhvata sitno tehničko drvo kao što su stubovi za hmelj ili lozu, motke, kolje, štapovi, ručke, obruči, pletarski štapovi, pruće sl.

Notes on methodology

The data on production of forest products presented here have been prepared on a basis of data provided by entity statistical offices underlying the regular monthly survey results.

Monthly reports are provided by all companies performing their business activities in the forestry sector and permanently producing forest products.

The data presented here cover only production of forest products manufactured out of the resources from the state-owned forest. Forest products from private forests are not covered here.

The given quantities represent net volume measured in cubic meters

Coniferous are tree species from systematic class of naked-seed plants (Gymnospermae), mostly from Pinaceae tree family. Here belong domestic commercial tree species: european Fir (*Abies alba*), Spruce (*Picea abies*), Scots Pine (*Pinus sylvestris*) and European Black Pine (*Pinus nigra*). Coniferous wood is less complex in structure and in international classification, regardless its mechanical properties, it is classified as *softwood*

Broad leaf are tree species from systematic class of covered-seed plants (Angiospermae). Here belong domestic commercial species: Beech (*Fagus sylvatica*), Sessile Oak (*Quercus petraea*), so cold noble broad leaf trees like species from genera *Fraxinus* (Ash), *Acer* (Maple), *Ulmus* (Elm), *Prunus avium* (Wild Cherry) and hard and soft broad leaf tree species. Broad leaf wood is more complex in structure than coniferous wood and in international classification, regardless its mechanical properties, it is classified as *hardwood*.

Logs are forestry wood products with proper physical and mechanical properties, intended for further mechanical processing (sawing, slicing or peeling).

Mining wood include forestry wood products with proper physical and mechanical properties which natural shape, dimensions and properties are used for construction and maintenance of mining pits. It could also be used for roof constructions.

Other long wood include technical wood which natural shape, dimensions and properties are used for manufacture of utility poles, scaffold poles, foundation poles, masts etc.

Cordwood include wood of bad technical characteristics, round or split, used in chemical processing for production of chemical and mechanical pulp, wooden wool, tannin etc.

Fuelwood is wood intended for heating or production of charcoal.

Other wood, roughly worked is small technical wood like hop and vine poles, other poles, pickets, sticks, handles, wooden rims, brushwood etc.

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